

State Transfer Taxes Cheat Sheet

State Documentary Stamp Tax on Deeds

- 1. **Purchase Price** only
- 2. Round up to nearest \$100 (if necessary) then multiply by .007

Example 1: \$295,311 would be: \$295,400 x .007 = \$2,067.80

Example 2: \$295,911 would be: \$296,000 x .007 = \$2,072

3. Debit Seller (the seller owns the deed until the transaction closes)

State Documentary Stamp Tax on Promissory Note

- 1. Use <u>ALL</u> notes Assumed and New
- 2. Round up to nearest \$100 (if necessary) then multiply by .0035

Example 1: \$295,311 would be: \$295,400 x .0035 = \$1,033.90

Example 2: \$295,911 would be: \$296,000 x .0035 = \$1,036

3. Debit Buyer (it is the buyer who is getting the mortgage)

State Intangible Tax

- 1. <u>NEW</u> mortgages only (hint: a second mortgage is a new mortgage!)
- 2. Mortgage amount x .002 (no need to round up)

Example 1: \$295,311 x .002 = \$590.622 then round to \$590.62 Example 2: \$295,911 x .002 = \$591.822 then round to \$591.82

3. Debit Buyer (it is the buyer who is getting the mortgage)



Doc Stamps on the Deed

- 1. Purchase Price
- 2. Round up to nearest 100 (if necessary) then multiply by .007 \$295,311 = \$295,400 x .007 or 295,911 = 296,000 x .007
- 3. Debit Seller (the seller owns the deed until closing)

Page 336 formula for State Doc Stamps on the Deed:

-purchase price : \$100 = # of taxable increments (rounded up to whole number)

-number of increments \times \$.70 = cost of documentary stamps on deeds

Use instead:

Purchase Price (rounded up) x .007 = Doc Stamp on the Deed



Doc Stamps on the Deed Example

A home sells for \$150,025 in Duval County.

150,025 = 150,100 (round up (if necessary))

150,100 x .007 = 1,050.70 (doc stamps on the deed)

Debit Seller



Doc Stamps on the Note(s)

- 1. ALL notes new and assumed
- 2. Round up to nearest 100 (if necessary) then multiply by .0035 *New* mortgage: \$295,011 = \$295,400 x .0035 *Assumed* mortgage: \$150,905 = \$151,000 x .0035
- 3. Debit Buyer (buyer owns the mortgage)

Page 337 formula for State Doc Stamps on the Note(s): new and assumed loan amount : \$100 = # of taxable increments number of increments × \$.35 = cost of documentary stamps on deeds

Use instead:

New & assumed notes (rounded up) x .0035 = Doc Stamp on the Note(s)



Doc Stamps on the Note(s) Example

A buyer purchases a property by assuming an existing loan of \$62,350 and signing a new mortgage and note for \$110,000.

\$62,350 = \$62,400 (round up (if necessary))

Add notes together: \$62,400 + \$110,000 = \$172,400

 $172,400 \times .0035 = 603.40$ (doc stamps on the notes)

Or do separate and add together:

 $62,400 \ge 0.0035 =$ **\$218.40** + 110,000 \x .0035 = **\$385**

\$218.40 + \$385 = \$603.40

Debit buyer



Intangible Tax

NEW mortgages only (a second mortgage is a new mortgage) Intangible Tax on New Mortgages formula is: new loan amount × \$.002 = cost of intangible tax \$295,311 (do <u>NOT</u> round) x .002 = \$590.62 (intangible tax) Debit Buyer (it's the buyer who is getting the mortgage)

Intangible Tax Example

A buyer purchases a property by assuming an existing loan of \$62,350 and signing a new mortgage and note for \$110,000.

 $110,000 \times 0.002 = 220.00$ intangible tax